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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/788,847	02/27/2004	Yusuke Nakamura	25371-021 CIP	8168	
	7590 01/12/200 N, COHN, FERRIS, G		EXAMINER		
AND POPEO, I	P.C.		BURKHART, MICHAEL D	MICHAEL D	
ONE FINANCI BOSTON, MA		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
202201,1.22			1633		
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
31 DAYS		01/12/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

Office Action Summary		Applica	ition No.	Applicant(s)	Applicant(s)		
		10/788	10/788,847 NAKAMURA ET AL.		AL.		
		Examin	er	Art Unit			
			D. Burkhart	1633			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on t	the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence a	ddress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply is specified above, the maximum state to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a ded patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ALLING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. atutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNI event, however, may a will expire SIX (6) MOI application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this (BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	,		
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on .					
2a)□	• •	2b)⊠ This action is	non-final.				
'=		•		ters, prosecution as to th	e merits is		
-,) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disnositi	on of Claims						
				•			
	Claim(s) <u>1-61</u> is/are pending in the a	• •					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a	re withdrawn from t	consideration.				
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		1	•			
-	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
· · · · ·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	on and/or alastica -					
0)[Claim(s) <u>1-61</u> are subject to restriction	on and/or election r	equirement.		•		
Applicati	on Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.					
10) 🗌	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted or	b)□ objected to	by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any object	ction to the drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is requ	uired if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).		
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. I	Note the attache	d Office Action or form P	TO-152.		
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) 🗌	Acknowledgment is made of a claim	for foreign priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	☐ All ·b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	,5 ,					
,-	1. Certified copies of the priority	documents have be	een received.				
•	2. Certified copies of the priority			Application No			
•	3. Copies of the certified copies				l Stage		
,	. application from the Internatio				3		
* S	see the attached detailed Office actio	n for a list of the ce	rtified copies not	received.			
			•				
	•						
Attachmen							
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)			
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P		Paper No(s)/Mail Date			
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or No(s)/Mail Date	PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of I	nformal Patent Application (PT —-	O-152)		

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-4, 11, 12, drawn to DNA encoding the protein of SEQ ID NO: 2, vectors and cells comprising the DNA, and polynucleotides that hybridize to the DNA, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1.
- II. Claims 5, 6, 8, 9, drawn to a protein or polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2, and a transcription activation complex comprising the protein of Group II and a co-activator, classified in class 530, subclass 300.
- III. Claims 7, drawn to a method of producing a protein using the cells of Group I, classified in class 435, subclass 69.1.
- IV. Claims 10, 12, and 30 drawn to an antibody or compound that binds the protein(s) of Group II, classified in class 424, subclass 130.1.
- V. Claim 13, drawn to a method of screening for a compound that binds the protein of Group II, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
- VI. Claim 14, 30 drawn to compounds identified by the method of Group V, classified in class 514, subclass 44.
- VII. Claim 15, drawn to a method of screening for a compound that inhibits the activity of the protein of Group II, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
- VIII. Claim 16, drawn to compounds identified by the method of Group VII, classified in class 514, subclass 1, 2 or 536/23.1 for example-depending on the nature of the compound.

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- IX. Claims 17-18 drawn to methods of screening a compound for anti-cancer activity by selecting compounds that inhibit formation of a complex, classified in class 435, subclass 7.1.
- Claim 19, drawn to a method of screening a compound for anti-cancer activity by selecting compounds that inhibit expression of a reporter gene, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- XI. Claims 20, 21, 23, and 24-25, drawn to compounds identified by the methods of Group IX, classified in class 514, subclass 1, 2 or 536/23.1 for example-depending on the nature of the compound.
- XII. Claims 22 and 25, drawn to compounds identified by the method of Group X, classified in class 514, subclass 1, 2 or 536/23.1 for example-depending on the nature of the compound.
- XIII. Claim 26, drawn to an anti-cancer composition comprising antisense oligonucleotides, ribozymes, or siRNA that bind to the DNA of Group I, classified in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- XIV. Claims 27-28, drawn to a method for diagnosing cancer by determining the expression of the ZNFN3A1 gene, classified in class 435, subclass 6.
- XV. Claim 30, drawn to a diagnostic agent for HCC comprising a compound that binds to the DNA of Group I, classified in class 536, subclass 24.33.
- XVI. Claims 31-38, drawn to methods of inhibiting tumor cell growth by administration of the siRNA of Group XI, classified in class 514, subclass 44.

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XVII. Claims 39-61, drawn to isolated polynucleotides comprising sense and antisense strands based on SEQ ID NO: 1, vectors comprising the polynucleotides, and compositions of the polynucleotides and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, classified in class 536, subclass 23.1.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I, II, IV, VI, VIII, XI-XIII, XV and XVII are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are drawn to materially different compounds/compositions with different functional properties, and different uses.

Inventions III, V, VII, IX, X, XIV and XVI are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different designs, modes of operation, and effects (MPEP § 802.01 and § 806.06). In the instant case, the different inventions are drawn to different methods that require different materials to practice, involve different method steps, and result in materially different outcomes.

Inventions I and III are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the polynucleotide has other uses, such as a probe.

Inventions V and VI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be

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used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product may exist and can be made by other methods, and does not require the method of screening.

Inventions VII and VIII are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product may exist and can be made by other methods, and does not require the method of screening.

Inventions IX and XI are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product may exist and can be made by other methods, and does not require the method of screening.

Inventions X and XII are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make another and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product may exist and can be made by other methods, and does not require the method of screening.

Inventions XVII and XVI are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product. See MPEP § 806.05(h). In the instant case the product is also useful in methods where it is used as a probe, and methods of inhibiting tumor growth can be practices with other compounds.

Because these inventions are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious burden on the examiner if restriction is not required because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification, the inventions require a different field of search (see MPEP § 808.02), and because the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

It is noted that the examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04.

Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and

specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions or species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions or species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C.103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Burkhart whose telephone number is (571) 272-2915.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Woitach whose telephone number is (571) 272-0739.

Michael D. Burkhart

Joe World